



9. ---- sophisticated artificial intelligence algorithms become in mimicking human interaction, they may never truly possess the capacity for empathy that characterizes biological sentience.
- A) Even though                      B) As long as  
C) Whatever                         D) However  
E) In case
10. The children decided to stay inside the house and play video games all afternoon ---- it was raining very heavily outside.
- A) although                         B) therefore  
C) unless                             D) because  
E) so that
11. In a highly contentious maneuver designed to curb the soaring inflation that had persistently destabilized the region's fragile post-war economy, the central monetary authority implemented a sequence of unprecedented interest rate hikes; ----, the surge in corporate borrowing costs effectively stifled the very industrial expansion policymakers had hoped to sustain.
- A) consequently                    B) nevertheless  
C) on the contrary                 D) otherwise  
E) admittedly
12. ---- the newly discovered exoplanet orbits exceedingly close to its host star, its surface temperatures remain theoretically capable of sustaining liquid water due to an unusually thick atmospheric layer.
- A) Given that                        B) Despite  
C) Unless                             D) In view of  
E) Even though
13. The unexpected collapse of the classical Mayan civilization triggered ---- a rapid depopulation of major urban centers ---- centuries of sophisticated architectural and agricultural knowledge were permanently lost to the encroaching jungle.
- A) so / that                         B) such / as  
C) neither / and                    D) more / than  
E) such / that
14. Deforestation in the Amazon rainforest threatens ---- the millions of species residing there ---- global climate stability by reducing carbon absorption.
- A) neither / nor  
B) either / or  
C) not only / but also  
D) so / that  
E) whether / or
15. ---- vertical farming requires immense energy to power artificial lighting systems, it significantly reduces reliance on chemical pesticides and vast tracts of arable land.
- A) Although                         B) Given that  
C) Unless                             D) In case  
E) Just as

The theoretical possibility of self-replicating computer programs first appeared in academic literature during the mid-20th century, foreshadowing the digital perils of the modern age. As global connectivity expanded, the potential for cyber-crime grew exponentially, exposing critical systems to unprecedented risks. 1 --, institutions across the world are now engaged in a perpetual arms race to secure their digital infrastructures. Despite these efforts, sophisticated forms of malicious software 2 --- even the most fortified networks, exploiting vulnerabilities 3 --- security protocols were either outdated or ignored. Cybersecurity experts argue that mere software updates cannot provide total protection 4 --- these evolving threats. The devastating impact of data breaches on financial markets serves as a stark warning to corporate leaders. Consequently, strategies must be devised to safeguard sensitive information, ensuring that future defenses are superior to 5 --- that failed in the past. Not only is technological innovation required, but a fundamental shift in user behaviour is also essential to maintain integrity.

16.

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| A) Therefore   | B) However      |
| C) In addition | D) For instance |
| E) Otherwise   |                 |

17.

- |                        |                         |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| A) had infiltrated     | B) were infiltrating    |
| C) have infiltrated    | D) will be infiltrating |
| E) to have infiltrated |                         |

18.

- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| A) whereby  | B) in which |
| C) of which | D) that     |
| E) which    |             |

19.

- |         |            |
|---------|------------|
| A) for  | B) against |
| C) from | D) with    |
| E) on   |            |

20.

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| A) that  | B) them  |
| C) which | D) those |
| E) these |          |

21-23: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the given sentence.

21. Even if a new pharmaceutical drug shows promising results in animal trials, ----.

- A) pharmaceutical companies can immediately release it to the market
- B) scientists are usually discouraged by the long development process
- C) animals share a significant amount of genetic material with humans
- D) it must still undergo rigorous testing on humans before approval
- E) the laboratory conditions are often too sterile to mimic real life

22. The Industrial Revolution was a pivotal era during which -- --.

- A) it transformed the socioeconomic structure of society
- B) many people moving from rural areas to cities looking for work
- C) the steam engine invented by James Watt changed everything
- D) factories were built in every major city in Europe
- E) manual labor was largely replaced by machinery and mass production

23. To avoid being detected by predators in the open ocean, -- --.

- A) sharks have an acute sense of smell to locate their prey
- B) coral reefs provide shelter for thousands of small fish
- C) the water pressure increases significantly at greater depths
- D) some marine species have evolved transparent bodies
- E) migration patterns change according to the water temperature

Recent critical assessments of Scotland's public healthcare framework reveal a concerning deterioration in the delivery of primary medical services. Although regional authorities recently approved a substantial financial allocation designed specifically to support understaffed local hospitals, medical professionals repeatedly warn that monetary funding alone cannot resolve these deep-rooted systemic issues. Currently, the entire national network is experiencing mounting operational stress, colloquially known as the daily '8am rush,' as thousands of patients struggle simultaneously to secure routine appointments with their general practitioners. In a strategic attempt to ease these severe capacity pressures, the government has announced ambitious plans to implement specialized, rapid-access walk-in clinics across various densely populated urban centers. However, this much-needed administrative reform coincides with a sudden and unexpected biological threat: the region's first confirmed outbreak of measles in over a decade. Public health experts emphasize that such highly contagious pathogens disproportionately affect vulnerable demographics, particularly young children and the elderly who may lack up-to-date immunological protection. Ultimately, this challenging convergence of chronic administrative bottlenecks and sudden viral outbreaks strongly underscores the urgent necessity for building a more resilient, proactive, and thoroughly integrated medical infrastructure.

**24. According to the passage, despite the recent financial allocation approved by regional authorities, ----.**

- A) the government has cancelled the plans to establish new clinics in urban centres
- B) healthcare professionals warn that financial support by itself is insufficient to overcome fundamental systemic flaws
- C) patients are still completely unable to secure any routine appointments with their general practitioners
- D) the number of vulnerable demographics lacking immunological protection has decreased significantly
- E) the national network has decided to shut down understaffed local hospitals entirely

**25. It is stated in the passage that the government plans to establish specialized walk-in clinics in order to ----.**

- A) alleviate the heavy workload on local physicians and decrease the intense daily demand from patients
- B) ensure that vulnerable demographics receive up-to-date immunological protection against measles
- C) replace traditional general practitioners entirely with a more resilient and proactive medical infrastructure
- D) distribute the newly approved financial allocation directly to patients struggling to find appointments
- E) completely isolate young children and the elderly from the unexpected biological threat

**26. One can infer from the passage that the recent measles outbreak in Scotland ----.**

- A) is the primary reason why the government approved the substantial financial allocation for hospitals
- B) has exclusively infected young children while leaving the elderly population completely unharmed
- C) emerged at a time when the healthcare system was already struggling with structural and operational difficulties
- D) was successfully contained within a few days thanks to the rapid-access walk-in clinics
- E) has proven that monetary funding is the most effective way to protect vulnerable demographics

**27. The main purpose of the passage is to ----.**

- A) criticise the regional authorities for their failure to predict the sudden outbreak of measles
- B) compare the efficiency of traditional general practitioners with that of rapid-access walk-in clinics
- C) highlight the concurrent administrative and biological crises straining Scotland's healthcare system
- D) argue that financial allocations are entirely useless in resolving deep-rooted systemic issues
- E) describe the specific immunological characteristics of highly contagious pathogens like measles

28-29: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the dialogue.

28. **Professor:** We must take great care to preserve these ancient manuscripts found in the excavation.

**Student:** I understand they are old, but why are they considered so vital for us?

**Professor:** ----

**Student:** I see. So, such documents offer us a unique window into civilizations that no longer exist.

- A) Because they contain the only known records of a forgotten language and culture.
- B) All historical artifacts are always more valuable than modern inventions.
- C) Archaeologists never care about anything other than digging up old stones.
- D) Modern technology has completely destroyed our connection to the past.
- E) Everyone knows that history is the most important subject in the world.

29. **Dr. Farouk:** Vertical farming represents a paradigm shift in agriculture; by stacking crops in controlled indoor environments, we can increase yield while using ninety per cent less water than traditional farming.

**Journalist Kael:** That sounds revolutionary for water conservation, but I have read that the electricity required to power the artificial lights makes the produce incredibly expensive.

**Dr. Farouk:** ----

**Journalist Kael:** That dramatic reduction in operational costs would certainly make these indoor farms competitive with traditional outdoor agriculture.

- A) It is true that electricity is costly, so we have decided to focus only on growing luxury crops like truffles to cover the expense.
- B) Most vertical farms are actually powered by diesel generators, which are surprisingly efficient and environmentally friendly.
- C) While the energy consumption is high, the government has agreed to pay the electricity bills for all vertical farms indefinitely.
- D) That was the primary obstacle for years, but the recent introduction of smart, spectrum-specific LED systems has cut energy usage by more than half.
- E) We should not worry about the cost of light because the sun provides enough energy to power the entire facility during the day.

30-31: For these questions, choose the best rephrased form of the given sentence.

30. Stress is not unique to office environments, and people hurry on sidewalks far more often than indoors.

- A) Stress can be found everywhere except in offices, and rushing indoors occurs less often than on sidewalks.
- B) Stress is not limited to office life, and rushing indoors takes place a lot more frequently than on sidewalks.
- C) The source of stress in offices comes from people who hurry indoors far more than on sidewalks.
- D) Stress is not peculiar to offices, and there is more rushing on sidewalks than indoors.
- E) Rushing occurs not only on sidewalks but also indoors, so offices are not the only places where stress occurs.

31. While modern oceanography may be associated with surface mapping, the oceanic crust demonstrates the world's most extreme geological activity in both shallow and deep waters.

- A) The most extreme geological activity is observed in both shallow and deep waters due to the surface mapping that is connected to modern oceanography.
- B) As a result of modern oceanography with the purpose of mapping the surface, both shallow and deep waters have developed extreme geological activity in the oceanic crust.
- C) Both shallow and deep waters are experiencing the most extreme geological activity as modern oceanography has produced extensive surface mapping in the oceanic crust.
- D) Modern oceanography is linked to surface mapping as long as there is the apparent issue of extreme geological activity in both shallow and deep waters of the world.
- E) It is possible to link modern oceanography to surface mapping; however, the oceanic crust both in shallow and deep waters is a place with the most extreme geological activity in the world.

32-33: For these questions, choose the best option to complete the missing part of the paragraph.

32. Scientists warn that businesses face extinction if they do not protect the natural world. Therefore, companies must shift from detrimental methods to the restoration of nature. ---- However, the degradation of our environment poses a catastrophic threat to these organizations. Despite such adverse risks, it often seems highly lucrative for them to destroy nature rather than protect it.
- A) Many scientists are currently studying the behavior of wild animals in remote forests.
  - B) Therefore, businesses do not need to worry about the changes in the global climate.
  - C) A new global assessment shows that all firms rely on the biosphere for basic needs like clean water.
  - D) School children should learn more about biology to understand how nature works.
  - E) In the last century, the industrial revolution caused many problems for the working class.

33. Seldom does a personal tragedy prompt such profound reflection on the vulnerabilities of the human psyche. Acknowledging his relentless endurance against a debilitating condition, the family asserted that his struggles should serve as a catalyst for comprehensive empathy rather than judgment. ----. Consequently, despite their solitary melancholy, they hoped that this transparent disclosure would facilitate a crucial sense of solidarity for those facing similar turmoil. Ultimately, such unprecedented openness immortalises his spirit while mitigating the alienation inherent in these battles.
- A) Although clinical interventions have advanced, the physiological underpinnings of such disorders remain largely elusive to modern science
  - B) These public figures often struggle to maintain their composure when faced with the relentless scrutiny of the media and their fans
  - C) While mourning their immense loss, they underscored the imperative to dismantle the stigma attached to psychological distress, insisting that silence is no longer an option
  - D) On the contrary, maintaining strict privacy is often recommended by counselors to ensure the family can grieve without external intrusion
  - E) His artistic legacy will undoubtedly continue to inspire generations of performers who looked up to him as a beacon of creativity

34-37: Choose the most accurate Turkish/English translation of the sentences.

34. Children are more susceptible to infectious diseases than adults because their immune systems have not yet fully developed.

- A) Çocuklar, bağışıklık sistemleri henüz tam olarak gelişmediği için bulaşıcı hastalıklara yetişkinlerden daha duyarlıdır.
- B) Bağışıklık sistemleri henüz tam gelişmemiş olan çocuklar, yetişkinlere kıyasla bulaşıcı hastalıklara daha çok yakalanırlar.
- C) Çocukların bağışıklık sistemlerinin henüz tam olarak gelişmemiş olması, onları bulaşıcı hastalıklara karşı yetişkinlerden daha savunmasız yapar.
- D) Yetişkinlerle karşılaştırıldığında çocuklar bulaşıcı hastalıklara daha yatkındır çünkü bağışıklık sistemleri tam gelişmemiştir.
- E) Çocuklar bulaşıcı hastalıklara yetişkinlerden daha fazla maruz kalırlar, zira bağışıklık sistemleri henüz tam olarak gelişmemiştir.

35. The scarcity of water resources in arid regions necessitates the implementation of strict policies regarding the allocation of this vital commodity.

- A) Kurak bölgelerdeki su kaynaklarının kıtlığı, bu hayati ticari malın dağıtımıyla ilgili katı politikaların uygulanmasını gerektirir.
- B) Kurak bölgelerde su kaynaklarının kit olması, bu hayati kaynağın tahsisi konusunda katı politikaların uygulanmasını zorunlu kılmaktadır.
- C) Bu hayati metanın tahsisiyle ilgili katı politikaların uygulanması, kurak bölgelerdeki su kaynaklarının kıtlığı nedeniyle gereklidir.
- D) Kurak bölgelerdeki su kaynaklarının azlığı, hayati öneme sahip bu malın dağıtımı konusunda katı politikalar uygulanmasını gerektirmektedir.
- E) Su kaynaklarının kurak bölgelerde kıt olması nedeniyle, bu hayati kaynağın tahsisine ilişkin katı politikalar uygulanmalıdır.

36. Hükümetler, ekonomik krizin olumsuz etkilerini hafifletmek için acil önlemler almak zorundadır.

- A) Governments have to take urgent measures to mitigate the adverse effects of the economic crisis.
- B) Urgent measures must be taken by governments to stop the negative impacts of the economic crisis.
- C) Governments should take urgent measures so that they can eliminate the adverse effects of the economic crisis.
- D) In order to mitigate the adverse effects of the economic crisis, governments have been taking urgent measures.
- E) The adverse effects of the economic crisis force governments to take urgent measures to mitigate them.

37. Pek çok Avrupa ülkesi, esnek çalışma saatlerini destekleyen politikalar yoluyla daha iyi bir iş-yaşam dengesine sahip olmayı mümkün kılmıştır.

- A) Many European countries have supported flexible working hours through policies to achieve a better work-life balance.
- B) Through policies that support flexible working hours, many European countries have made it possible to have a better work-life balance.
- C) It is possible for many European countries to have a better work-life balance thanks to policies supporting flexible working hours.
- D) Many European countries have policies supporting flexible working hours, which makes a better work-life balance possible.
- E) Flexible working hours supported by policies have made it possible for many European countries to possess a better work-life balance.

38-40: For these questions, identify the irrelevant sentence in the passage.

38. **(I)** The construction of major waterways often requires a massive workforce and poses unique technological challenges for engineers. **(II)** Opened in 1869, the Suez Canal drastically altered global trade by connecting the Mediterranean Sea directly to the Red Sea. **(III)** This strategic geopolitical shortcut allowed European empires to acquire overseas territories much faster than ever before. **(IV)** Furthermore, the route generated immense wealth for the British Empire, which eventually purchased the controlling shares. **(V)** Consequently, their primary military forces were stationed in the region to protect this vital economic lifeline.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

39. **(I)** Today, modern ecologists primarily focus on how engineered bacteria might successfully mitigate chronic pollution within vulnerable marine ecosystems. **(II)** During the late Permian period millions of years ago, a mass extinction completely devastated global marine biodiversity. **(III)** This major prehistoric catastrophe was largely driven by immense volcanic eruptions that relentlessly pumped greenhouse gases into the atmosphere. **(IV)** Consequently, rapidly surging global temperatures stripped the oceans of vital oxygen, creating highly toxic environments for countless aquatic species. **(V)** In the devastating aftermath, terrestrial landscapes also experienced severe ecological collapses, leaving behind a barren planet devoid of complex life.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

40. **(I)** Interpretations of the End-Cretaceous extinction increasingly utilize a model integrating sudden extraterrestrial phenomena with prolonged terrestrial ecological deterioration. **(II)** Within this framework, the colossal asteroid collision acts not as an isolated cataclysm, but as a catalyst exacerbating prior atmospheric instability. **(III)** The ensuing environmental pressure severely disrupted global biochemical cycles, ultimately precipitating an unprecedented collapse of ubiquitous food webs. **(IV)** This paradigm underscores that the kinetic impact served strictly as the final threshold, shattering ecosystems already compromised by intensive volcanic outgassing. **(V)** Reconstructing the precise orbital trajectory of this incoming body relies completely on mapping anomalous subterranean formations to substantiate the geophysical crater dimensions.

A) I      B) II      C) III      D) IV      E) V

**ANSWER KEY**

1. D	2. A	3. E	4. D	5. D
6. D	7. D	8. D	9. D	10. D
11. A	12. E	13. E	14. C	15. A
16. A	17. C	18. B	19. B	20. D
21. D	22. E	23. D	24. B	25. A
26. C	27. C	28. A	29. D	30. D
31. E	32. C	33. C	34. A	35. B
36. A	37. B	38. A	39. A	40. E

